

Pet-Safe Cleaning Checklist

Use this before mopping, disinfecting, or cleaning pet-contact surfaces.

Before cleaning

- ☐ Move dogs and cats to another room before spraying, mopping, or disinfecting.
- ☐ Pick up food bowls, water bowls, toys, beds, litter mats, and chew items.
- ☐ Read the product label for dilution, contact time, ventilation, and rinse instructions.
- ☐ Avoid mixing cleaners, especially bleach with ammonia, vinegar, or acids.

Choose the lower-residue option

- ☐ Routine sealed floors: steam if floor-compatible, or a tiny amount of mild unscented soap.
- ☐ Urine, vomit, or stool: enzymatic pet accident cleaner used as directed.
- ☐ Cat homes: avoid essential oils, phenols, pine-oil cleaners, ammonia, strong fragrance, and wet residue.
- ☐ Disinfecting: use only when needed, complete contact time, ventilate, rinse if required, and dry fully.

Before pets return

- ☐ Surfaces are fully dry, not sticky, slippery, strongly scented, or visibly wet.
- ☐ Bowls, toys, litter boxes, and feeding areas are rinsed when the label requires it.
- ☐ Windows or ventilation are used until strong odor is gone.
- ☐ Cleaner bottles, wipes, pods, and buckets are secured behind closed doors.

Exposure rule

If a pet licks a wet cleaner, walks through chemicals and grooms, vomits, drools, coughs, trembles, seems weak, or has skin or eye irritation, save the product label and call a veterinarian or poison hotline.